



استان:

کارشناسی (تجميع)

نیمسال اول ۸۹-۸۸

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: —

نام درس: زبان تخصصی اقتصاد

زمان آزمون: تستی: ۵۰ تشریحی: — دقیقه

رشته تحصیلی و کد درس: علوم اقتصادی

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ⊗

۱۲۱۲۲۰۸

مجاز است.

استفاده از: —

کد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

امام علی (ع): برتری مردم به یکدیگر، به دانشها و خردهاست؛ نه به ثروتها و تبارها.

**Directions: Choose the best choice (a, b, c or d) and mark it on your answer sheet.**

- Scarcity is ..... and is central to economic problems. It cannot be avoided.  
a. invisible                      b. incorrect                      c. inevitable                      d. imaginery
- The process of making goods and services is called .....  
a. consumption                      b. distribution                      c. conversation                      d. production
- A decision to have more of one thing requires a decision to have less of something .....  
a. else                      b. also                      c. as                      d. such
- The company conducted a survey of its new product among its consumers. "Consumers" means .....  
a. users                      b. sellers                      c. producers                      d. distributors
- The social study that deals with the organization of productive resources for the satisfaction of human wants is called .....  
a. economy                      b. economic                      c. economics                      d. economically
- The war-time economy of the 1940s solved that problem but created new ones. "Ones" refers to .....  
a. war-time                      b. problems                      c. economy                      d. 1940s
- The students have ..... from your experience.  
a. benefit                      b. benefiting                      c. benefit to                      d. benefited
- Scarcity is a fundamental problem faced by all nations. "Fundamental" means .....  
a. important                      b. unimportant                      c. rare                      d. unusual



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9. Governments derive their authority to form and carry out policy from their police power. "Carry out" means .....

- a. cut                      b. do                      c. delete                      d. omit

10. Each coupon permits the holder to purchase a specific product. "Purchase" means .....

- a. sell                      b. buy                      c. save                      d. use

11. A fixed payment at regular intervals for services is called .....

- a. money                      b. tax                      c. salary                      d. profit

12. As an investor he is ..... to invest in the new project. He has made a strong decision.

- a. determine                      b. determined                      c. determines                      d. to determine

13. The manager spoke so ..... about the products of his company.

- a. profession                      b. professions                      c. professional                      d. professionally

14. A "store of value" is a(n) ..... that maintains value over time.

- a. shop                      b. city                      c. asset                      d. house

15. Macroeconomics is concerned with the behavior of economy as a .....

- a. part                      b. bit                      c. level                      d. whole

16. GNP, Gross ..... Product, is the basic measure of economic activity.

- a. Nation                      b. National                      c. Nations                      d. Nationally

17. The branch of macroeconomics which deals with money in all its aspects is called ..... policy.

- a. loss                      b. minimal                      c. monetary                      d. profit

18. Policy makers use two broad classes of policies with ..... to affect the economy.

- a. which                      b. whom                      c. who                      d. whose



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19. Stabilization Policy is also known as ..... policy, that is, policy to moderate the trade cycle or business cycle.

- a. clinical                      b. cyclical                      c. countryside                      d. countercyclical

20. Some firms would increase their profits by hiring cheap workers and ..... any of their existing workers who are not willing to work at the lower wage.

- a. firing                      b. employing                      c. hiring                      d. recruiting

21. Supply disturbances, or supply ....., can reduce output and raise prices.

- a. shapes                      b. shakes                      c. shocks                      d. shuts

22. Aggregate demand is the ..... demand for goods and services in the economy.

- a. few                      b. little                      c. total                      d. minimal

23. GNP is the value of final goods and services .....

- a. consumed                      b. wasted                      c. predicted                      d. produced

24. The ..... of 5 and 3 gives you 8.

- a. add                      b. adds                      c. added                      d. addition

25. The sectoral breakdowns are roughly similar in all five countries. "Roughly" means .....

- a. almost                      b. always                      c. exactly                      d. usually

26. Official statistics do not distinguish equilibrium from disequilibrium unemployment. "Statistics" in Farsi is .....

- a. آثار                      b. آمار                      c. اقتصاد                      d. انتخاب

27. There are a few new employees here. "Employee" means .....

- a. کارفرما                      b. کارمند                      c. رئیس                      d. مدیرعامل



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28. Labor supply decisions affect the well-being of individuals. "Individuals" in Farsi is .....

- a. افراد                      b. دانشمندان                      c. کارگران                      d. کودکان

29. Macroeconomics is interesting because it deals with important issues. "Interesting" in Farsi is .....

- a. بی اعتبار                      b. ناخوشایند                      c. جالب                      d. علاقه مند

30. They wanted to know how a nation's total income is distributed among its population. "Income" in Farsi is .....

- a. آمدن                      b. درآمد                      c. سود                      d. اعتبار