



تعداد سؤالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: --
 زمان آزمون: تستی: ۵۰ تشریحی: -- دقیقه
 آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ○

نام درس: قرائت متون تاریخی به زبان خارجی (۱)
 رشته تحصیلی و کد درس: تاریخ
 ۱۳۹۰-۲۵

مجاز است.

استفاده از:

یک (۱)

کد سری سؤال:

امام علی (ع): برتری مردم به یکدیگر، به دانش‌ها و خردهاست؛ نه به ثروت‌ها و تبارها.

Part one: vocabulary

Answer the following questions by choosing the best choice.

- A. It is very difficult for me to climb Mount Damavand.
 B. But I think it is a task. It is difficult, but it is also interesting and enjoyable.
 a. challenging
 b. suppressing
 c. surviving
 d. originating
- A. How can we keep our as Iranians?
 B. One way is to protect our customs and traditions. They show who we really are.
 a. upheaval
 b. unrest
 c. feud
 d. identity
- A. How can a teacher learning among his students?
 B. He should help them understand they will be more successful if they learn more.
 a. interpret
 b. stimulate
 c. inhabit
 d. indicate
- A. What do you study as a(n) student?
 B. In this discipline, we learn about the old and new ways and techniques of farming.
 a. revolution
 b. improvement
 c. agriculture
 d. fortification
- A. Did the writing use the same letter that we use?
 B. No, they had a set of characters which looked like wedges or nails.
 a. cuneiform
 b. fossil
 c. Graeco
 d. Roman
- A. Why was the year 2001 so important?
 B. Because it was the beginning of the third
 a. institution
 b. extravagance
 c. constitution
 d. millennium



استان:

کارشناسی (سنتی)

نیمسال اول ۸۹-۸۸

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7. A. Why are these two companies forming a(n)

B. They are going to work together in oil industry.

- a. awareness
- b. alliance
- c. conquest
- d. compound

8. A. Is it true that some officers had a secret plan to get the power?

B. Yes, there was a by Iraqi officers to take control of Iraq.

- a. complexity
- b. consequence
- c. conspiracy
- d. civilization

9. A. What was his to the peace process?

B. He helped both sides to reach an agreement.

- a. consultation
- b. convergence
- c. confirmation
- d. contribution

10. A. What are some synonyms for

B. Dictatorship and autocracy are two good synonyms

- a. despotism
- b. destruction
- c. discipline
- d. discontent

11. Was India an independent country in the past?

No, many years ago, it was a(n) It was controlled by the British government.

- a. debate
- b. decade
- c. colony
- d. empire

12. A. What do you think gave man the idea of flying?

B. I think man was by birds to find a way to fly.

- a. inspired
- b. interacted
- c. interfered
- d. instituted

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13. A. Who did they choose as the manager of the company?

B. They Mr. Ahmadi as the new manager.

- a. annexed
- b. adopted
- c. assisted
- d. appointed

14. A. Is John going to leave his country in order to live in Africa?

B. Yes, he is going to to South Africa.

- a. dominate
- b. emigrate
- c. demand
- d. ensure

15. A. How can I know more about the condition of the Renaissance?

B. You need to study about the ideas and ways of thinking that were followed by intelligent people of that period.

- a. intellectual
- b. ecclesiastical
- c. commercial
- d. colonial

16. A. Did Iraqis Khorramshahr after they occupied it?

B. Yes, they stole all the valuable things and caused a lot of damage.

- a. capture
- b. plunder
- c. compete
- d. conquer

17. A. Is a king or an emperor considered a ?

B. Yes, he has the highest power in his country.

- a. decline
- b. deceit
- c. sovereign
- d. currency

18. A. Does your company pay enough attention to the staff's?

B. Yes, they care for the health and happiness of their employees.

- a. dominion
- b. dismissal
- c. concern
- d. welfare



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19. A. Did they use military force to take control of the country?
B. Yes, they power in a coup.
a. settled
b. situated
c. smelted
d. seized
20. A. Is Hitler a famous person in history?
B. He is, in fact, He is famous for massacre and destruction.
a. autonomous
b. notorious
c. heretical
d. medieval
21. A. Would you lend me some money?
B. Sorry, I have no money left. Building my new house has all my savings.
a. depleted
b. explored
c. founded
d. invented
22. A. What do you know about?
B. It is the economic theory that trade generates wealth and is stimulated by it.
a. massacre
b. inscription
c. mercantilism
d. incursion
23. A. What is the difficulty or problem that prevents him from achieving his goals?
B. The main in his life is lack of determination.
a. overturn
b. obstacle
c. overthrow
d. oppression
24. A. What is the between you and your father?
B. We do not agree with each other about what I should study at university.
a. deathblow
b. demonstration
c. decline
d. dispute

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25. A. Does he have any problems?
 B. No, he is very rich and can buy anything he likes.
 a. clerical
 b. industrial
 c. financial
 d. intellectual

Part two: Reading Comprehension

Read the passage and answer the questions by choosing the best choice.

One of the most ancient civilizations was the one that began in the Tigris-Euphrates valley about 4000 BC. This civilization was formerly called the Babylonian or Babylonian-Assyrian civilization. It is now known, however, that the civilization was not founded by either the Babylonians or the Assyrians but by an earlier people called the Sumerians. It seems better, therefore, to use the name Mesopotamian to cover the whole civilization, even though the name Mesopotamia is sometimes applied only to the northern portion of the land between the two rivers.

The pioneers in the development of the Mesopotamian civilization were the people known as Sumerians, who settled in the lower Tigris-Euphrates valley between 5000 and 4000 BC. Their precise origin is unknown, but they seem to have come from the plateau of central Asia. They spoke a language unrelated to any now known, although their culture was somewhat similar to the earliest civilization of India. With little or no difficulty they subjugated the natives already in the lower valley.

26. How long ago did the Tigris-Euphrates civilization begin?
 a. about 2000 years ago
 b. about 4000 years ago
 c. about 5000 years ago
 d. about 6000 years ago
27. Which of the following is **NOT** a name used for the same civilization?
 a. Tigris-Euphrates civilization
 b. Babylonian civilization
 c. Sumerian civilization
 d. Mesopotamian civilization
28. Who started the Babylonian civilization?
 a. The Mesopotamians
 b. The Sumerians
 c. The Assyrians
 d. The Babylonians
29. Where did Sumerians originally come from?
 a. Mesopotamia
 b. the lower Tigris-Euphrates valley
 c. probably the plateau of central Asia
 d. 5000 to 4000 BC



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30. According to the passage, which of the following statements is **FALSE**?

- The precise origin of Sumerians is unknown.
- The language that Sumerians spoke was a language somewhat similar to the language spoken in India today.
- The natives soon obeyed the Sumerians.
- The name Mesopotamia sometimes refers only to the northern portion of the land between the two rivers.